Study Questions
Exam # 2
Chapters 18-21

1. Define "Divine Right" within the context of the 18th Century?
2. During his reign Louis XVI was mostly concerned with...?
3. How did Russia react to the legal reforms of Catherine the Great?
4. Was the Seven Years War favorable to Britain?
5. European population growth after 1750 (mid 18th century)...?
6. What gave the British government a financial advantage over those of Continental Europe?
7. What was the/a key financial innovation of the 18th century?
8. How was European society organized?
9. What were the obligations of Europe's peasantry?
10. What privileges did European nobility receive?
11. How did the American Revolution affect the French Revolution?
12. What was the immediate cause of the French Revolution?
13. Estates-General?
14. What event brought about the "Tennis Court Oath"?
15. What was the most radical group of the French Revolution?
16. Why was the Reign of Terror important to the preservation of the French Revolution?
17. In 1792 France instituted (attempted) what type of government?
18. Napoleon's domestic policies? Good/bad?
19. What were the accomplishments of the Constituent Assembly?
20. What aided Britain's growth as an industrial power?
21. What were the inventions vital to the textile industry and the Industrial Revolution?
22. What did James Watt accomplish?
23. What were the new values and new realities of those working in the factory?
24. How did industrialization affect the lives of workers (the working class)?
25. Why did continental Europe industrialize slower than Britain?
26. What were living conditions in the industrial city (19th century) like?
27. What demographic changes occurred due to the Industrial Revolution?
28. How did the Industrial Revolution affect the standard of living?
29. Who were the chartists and what did they demand?
30. What is the policy of legitimacy brought out at the Congress of Vienna?
31. Define 19th Century European Conservatism? What is it at its most basic level?
32. What was the Peterloo Massacre? Why was it significant?
33. Russian society under Nicholas I was...?
34. What social group embraced liberalism? What was 19th Century European Liberalism?
35. Why was nationalism in the 19th century radical?
36. What was the English Poor Law of 1834? What did it exemplify?